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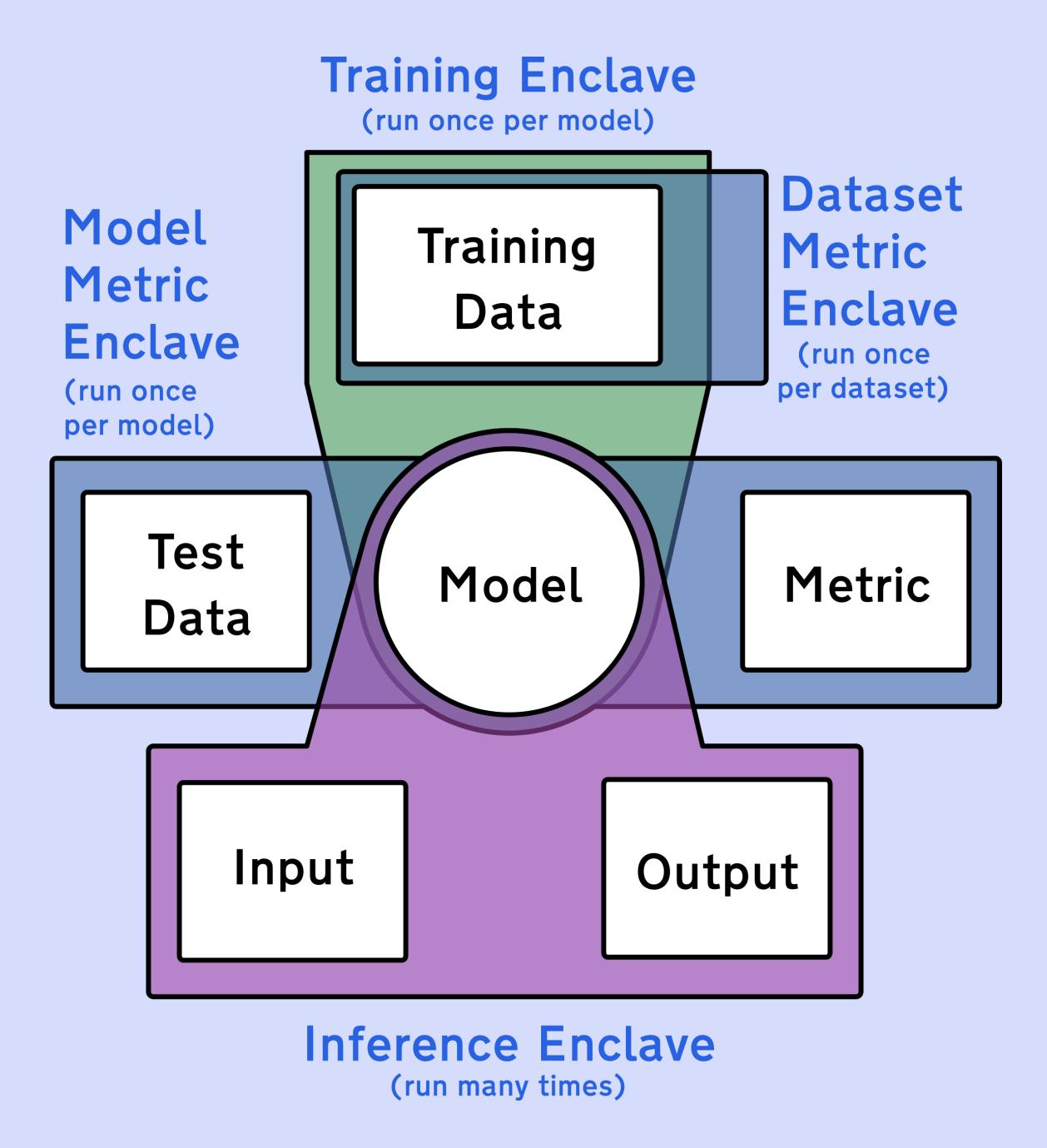
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ML Property Attestation using TEEs

- Clients of ML-based services cannot verify that responses come from the right model
- Algorithms, datasets, and training parameters cannot be verified after training
- ML property attestation can prove such properties efficiently and scalably

1 Introduction

• Measured model and dataset metrics used to



- demonstrate the quality of models & inferences
- Need to link dataset, training parameters to model, model to inference input/output
- New advances (e.g., Intel AMX) allow training/running complex models within TEEs

2 The problem

- Cryptographic proofs inefficient or don't scale
- ML-based methods are inaccurate
- Current methods focus only on specific properties
- Current certification services require

Attested ML architecture. Enclaves hosting

outsourcing both training and inference

3 Our solution

Use remote attestation to prove properties like:

- Which model produced an inference
- How accurate is the model
- How was the model trained
- What data was used to train it
- How representative was the training set

models measure/attest metrics for training data, model, and inference operations for confidence in model & inferences.

	I/O Binding (100 operations)	Accuracy	Proof of Training
Startup	32029ms	36470ms	36.5s
Preprocessing	0.5ms	294ms	4.4s
Computation	70.1ms	3490ms	514s
Proving	6.6ms	5.68ms	0.005s
Run-time for different types of attestation			

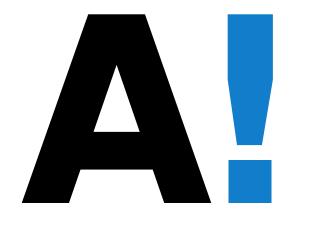
(average of 10 runs).



- SGX enclaves perform ML tasks and attest process/performance claims
- Verifier combines attestations to link output to input, model, training dataset



TEE-based ML property attestation is efficient, scalable & versatile



Aalto University



Project Link: https://ssg-research.github.io/mlsec/mlattestation

